

SCAMS & OLDER PEOPLE

(Internet and email scams)



"If someone you've never met before asks you for money, that should be a red flag."

Frances Wilson, National Trading Standards Scams Team



WHAT IS A SCAM?

Scams are crimes where the perpetrator tries to swindle the victim out of money, or personal information so they can steal their money later.

Scam is a slang term for personal fraud. All scams are frauds.

Scams can be committed over the phone, through the post, on the internet or face-to-face, often on your doorstep.

Once a person falls victim to one con artist, their personal details are often added to so-called 'suckers lists' and sold on to other criminals, so they are targeted again and again.

£10 billion is lost in the UK each year to scammers.



DON'T BE A VICTIM

There are some basic rules that should stop you falling victim to almost any scam. Here they are:

- ALWAYS REMEMBER: IF SOMETHING SEEMS TOO GOOD TO BE TRUE, IT USUALLY IS
- If you get an offer by email that contains bad spelling or grammar, don't respond –
 it's a scam!
- If an email title is odd and the sender is someone who wouldn't send an "odd" email, then avoid opening it, and definitely do not click on a link in the email
- Make sure you use strong passwords on all your online accounts, and change them often
- Remember that your bank or building society will never contact you and ask for your PIN number or passwords



EMAIL AND ONLINE SCAMS

Ipass@detma.org on behalf of "NY Division of Unemployment Assistance"@detma.org " <lp> <!pass@detma.org on behalf of "NY Division of Unemployment Assistance"@detma.org " </p> Thu 11/08/12 8:23 AM A former employee(s) of your company or organization recently filed a claim for benefits with the New York Division of Unemployment Assistance (DUA). In order to process this claim, DUA needs information about each former equipole. The are requested to: Provide Wage and Separation Information (From 106./(1074). And/Or Provide Separation Pay Information If you do not provide this information, you have lose your right to appeal any determination made on the claim. To provide this information electron rapidly please log in to the qUIK Response System https://web2.dec.nc.org/blubs/files/bulk/Employer/OKRS_EOI_IssueSummany.asps on the DUA website and complete any outstanding its yes. This message may contain privileged and/or confidential information. Unless you are the addressee (or authorized to receive for the addressee), you may not use, copy, disseminate, distribute or disclose to anyone the message or any information contained in the message. Thank You. This e-mail message, including any attachments, is for the sole use of the intended recipient(s) and may contain confidential and privileged information. Any unauthorized review, use, disclosure, or distribution is strictly

Action Fraud lists 30 different types on online fraud. Consumer group Which? says 62% of people say they have been targeted by online scammers in the last year.

Many scammers use email to target their victims with fraudulent offers or requests for personal information, but this is not the only way that fraudsters operate online. Here are some others:

- Fake pop-ups in your online banking window
- Retail websites offering fake goods
- Links in email or social media messages that, once clicked on, will infect your computer with a virus or malware that deletes or steals your data
- Providing fraudulent wifi connections in public places



EMAIL AND ONLINE SCAMS

Terminology

Scam

Cybercrime

Junk email (spam)

Vast numbers sent each day

Most service providers identify them for you and delete them

Most that get through are simply a nuisance

Can be hard to block ("from" address is not consistent)

Phishing (pronounced "fishing")

Usually false link in the email

Adds Malware/Virus

Denial of service

Malware

Worms, Trojan Horse, Spyware, Adware, etc

Computer virus

Embeds in computer

Can corrupt data

Records activity and sends details back to criminal

Get a good anti-virus package, and keep updated

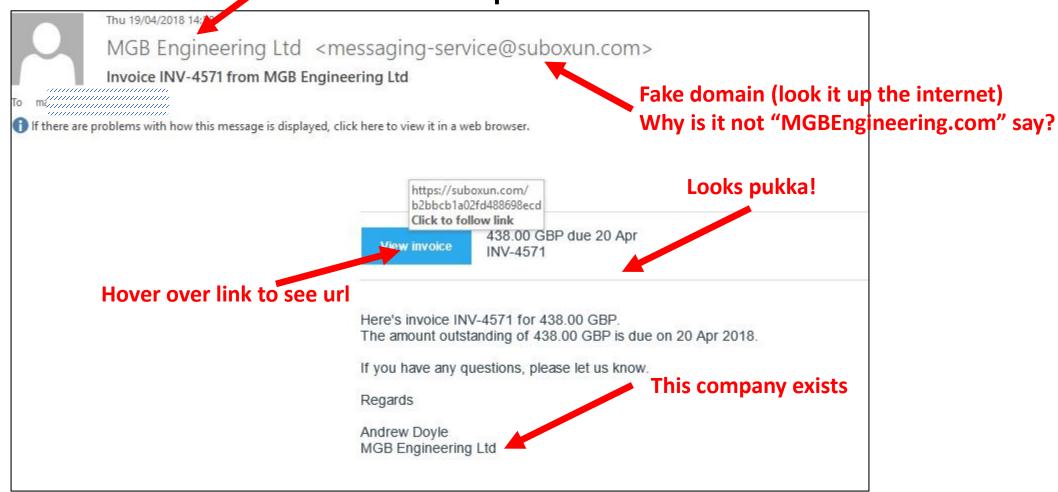
Windows10 better than earlier versions and AppleMac much better than Windows



EMAIL SCAMS

Why would I get an email from them?

A real example





DON'T BE A VICTIM!

Follow these back-to-basics rules from Get Safe Online:

- Make sure you have strong passwords on all your online accounts. For a secure password, use three random words and include a symbol, numbers and upper and lower-case letters.
- Ensure you always have internet security software loaded on computers and update to new versions immediately.
- Don't assume that Wi-Fi hotspots in places like cafes, bars and hotel rooms are secure, so never use them when you're doing anything confidential online, like banking. Instead, use 3G or 4G.
- Never reveal too much personal or financial information in emails, on social networking and dating sites and in person. You never know who might see it or use it.



DON'T BE A VICTIM!

- Don't click on links in emails, posts, tweets or texts and don't open attachments if the source isn't 100% known and trustworthy
- Always access internet banking sites by typing the bank's address into your web browser
- Never pay for anything by direct bank transfer unless it's to someone you know personally and is reputable
- Never respond to any emails, text messages, letters or social media that look suspicious



THANK YOU

For more information, see https://www.ourwatch.org.uk/crimes-archive/scams-older-people/

THANK YOU FOR LISTENING